UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/689,478	10/20/2003	Daniel S. Papenfuss	20717	7892
30482 BEMIS COMP	7590 08/20/200 ANY, INC.	EXAMINER		
Patent and Trademark Department			PATTERSON, MARC A	
2200 BADGER AVENUE OSHKOSH, WI 54904			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1794	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/20/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)			
Office Action Summary		10/689,478	PAPENFUSS ET AL.			
	Onice Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
		MARC A. PATTERSON	1794			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap or Reply	opears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failui Any r	CRTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLEMENTED IN CORPORATION OF THE MAILING INSIDE OF THE MAILING INSIDE OF THE MAILING INSIDE OF THE MAILING INSIDE OF THE OF THE MAILING INSIDE OF THE OF T	DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION .136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timed will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from te, cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21.	<i>July</i> 2009.				
2a) <u></u> ☐	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	is action is non-final.				
3)□	☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Dispositi	on of Claims					
4)🛛	Claim(s) <u>1-81</u> is/are pending in the application	n.				
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.					
6)🛛	6) Claim(s) 1-81 is/are rejected.					
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.					
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.				
Applicati	on Papers					
9)□ .	The specification is objected to by the Examin	ier.				
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ac		Examiner.			
,—	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	∋ 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) 🔲	11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment		_				
	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4)				
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	5) 🔲 Notice of Informal P				
Pape	r No(s)/Mail Date	6)				

Application/Control Number: 10/689,478 Page 2

Art Unit: 1794

DETAILED ACTION

WITHDRAWN REJECTIONS

1. The 35 U.S.C. 103(a) rejection of Claims 1 – 13 and 17 – 23 as being unpatentable over Andersen et al (U.S. Patent No. 5,660,903) in view of Notomi et al (U.S. Patent No. 3,985,849), of record on page 2 of the previous Action, is withdrawn.

NEW REJECTIONS

Claim Rejections – 35 USC § 103(a)

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1 13, 17 23 and 68 81 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bunch (U.S. Patent No. 5,660,903).

With regard to Claims 1 and 9, Bunch disclose a laminate (column 4, lines 44 - 47), therefore adhered by adhesive lamination, comprising layers of film for packaging, which are flexible (column 2, lines 3 - 8), therefore having an internal surface and external surface; comprising a polymer (column 2, lines 3 - 8), each layer comprising an external surface pattern (surface having puncture pattern; column 2, lines 65 - 71), and score lines for the purpose of bending the film (column 3, line 15); the film is laminated to at least one layer of metal foil (column 2, lines 3 - 8); the layers are oriented (column 2, lines 3 - 8); if the laminate is used with a machine, there are no rough areas in the pattern (column 3, lines 30 - 34). Bunch therefore

discloses rough areas in the pattern if the laminate is not used with a machine. Bunch fails to disclose a first film layer, second film layer comprising adhesive, barrier layer, and fourth film layer, and a fourth film layer, and orientation that is biaxial. However, as Bunch discloses the lamination of layers of film and foil, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to have provided for the lamination of four layers of film, alternately, with four layers of foil, therefore an intermediate film layer of adhesive; furthermore, as Bunch discloses orientation, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to have provided for orientation is either one or two directions, depending on the desired directions of tearing.

With regard to Claims 2 - 3, Bunch discloses no shrinkage; the claimed aspect of 0% shrinkage at 85 degrees Celsius in the machine and transverse directions therefore reads on Gehrke et al.

With regard to Claim 4, as discussed above, the film disclosed by Bunch is adhered by adhesive lamination, and therefore comprises a fifth film layer positioned between the third film layer and fourth film layer which comprises an adhesive.

With regard to Claim 5, Bunch disclose a multilayer film having a fourth layer having a score line as discussed above. Andersen et al fails to disclose a score line having a depth of 50 - 95% of the thickness of the layer. However, Bunch teaches the score line for folding, as stated above, and therefore teaches the selection of the depth to obtain desired folding.

With regard to Claims 6 - 7, Bunch comprises score lines, as stated above, therefore continuous and non - continuous.

With regard to Claim 8, the claimed aspect of the score line being made by optical ablation is directed to a method limitation and is therefore given little patentable weight.

Application/Control Number: 10/689,478

Art Unit: 1794

With regard to Claims 12 - 13, because Bunch discloses layers of polymer, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to have provided for a polymer comprising polyamide, which is identical to the claimed barrier material, and therefore has an oxygen transmission rate of 0.01 - 1.00 cm³/100 in² and the claimed vapor transmission rate.

Page 4

With regard to Claim 17, Bunch discloses an adhesive that is a cold - seal adhesive, because a laminate is disclosed, therefore adhered to any surface of the layers.

With regard to Claims 18 - 19, the layers disclosed by Bunch have internal and external surfaces as discussed above.

With regard to Claim 20, the film disclosed by Bunch is for packages (column 1, lines 9 – 17); it therefore would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to have provided for a thickness, through routine optimization, depending on the desired strength of the package.

With regard to Claim 21, the film disclosed by Bunch is oriented as discussed above, and forms a package, therefore bent and therefore has an easy opening tear feature and therefore forms a package comprising a tear initiation area and a directional tear zone; the film comprises polyethylene and is therefore sealable (column 2, line 20) and Bunch therefore discloses a packaging having a top first edge seal portion and an opposite bottom second edge seal portion in parallel with the top first edge seal portion and a third seal portion disposed perpendicular between the top first seal edge portion and bottom second seal edge portion and parallel to a folded side and at least one first folded side edge superimposed on the surface roughened portion on an external surface of the first film layer of the package.

Application/Control Number: 10/689,478 Page 5

Art Unit: 1794

With regard to Claims 22 - 23 and 68 - 81, Andersen et al disclose a cold - seal as discussed above, and therefore disclose a top first seal edge portion and bottom second seal edge portion comprising a cold - seal adhesive.

4. Claims 14 - 16 and 24 - 67 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bunch (U.S. Patent No. 5,660,903) in view of Gehrke (U.S. Patent No. 5,783,266).

Andersen et al and Notomi et al disclose a multilayer film having a barrier layer comprising polyamide as discussed above. With regard to Claims 14, 24 - 35, 38 - 52, 54 - 59 and 61 - 67, Andersen et al and Notomi et al fail to disclose a barrier layer comprising a metallic coating on the external surface of the fourth film layer having a thickness from 200 - 700 Angstroms.

Gehrke teaches that a metallic coating (thin layer of metal formed by deposition; column 3, lines 27 - 32) is used interchangeably with polyamide (nylon; column 3, lines 27 - 32) as a barrier layer in a film (column 3, lines 27 - 32) for the purpose of obtaining a film that is a barrier to oxygen and moisture (column 3, lines 32 - 35). One of ordinary skill in the art would therefore have recognized the advantage of providing for the metallic coating of Gehrke in Andersen et al and Notomi et al, which comprises a multilayer film, depending on the desired barrier to oxygen and moisture of the end product.

It therefore would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art at the time

Applicant's invention was made to have provided for a metallic coating on the external surface of
the layers in Andersen et al and Notomi et al in order to obtain a film that is a barrier to oxygen
and moisture as taught by Gehrke. Gehrke fails to disclose a metallic coating having a thickness

from 200 - 700 Angstroms. However, Gehrke teaches the selection of the coating depending on the desired strength (column 7, lines 53 - 60). Therefore, one of ordinary skill in the art would have recognized the utility of varying the thickness to obtain the desired strength. Therefore, the strength would be readily determined by through routine optimization of the thickness by one having ordinary skill in the art depending on the desired use of the end product as taught by Gehrke.

It therefore would be obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to vary the thickness in order to obtain the desired strength, since the strength would be readily determined through routine optimization by one having ordinary skill in the art depending on the desired end result as shown by Gehrke.

With regard to Claims 15 - 16, 36 - 37, 53 and 60, Gehrke teaches a metal layer comprising aluminum, which is a metal (column 4, line 65).

ANSWERS TO APPLICANT'S ARGUMENTS

- 5. Applicant's arguments regarding the rejections of the previous Action have been carefully considered and have been found to be persuasive. The rejections are therefore withdrawn. The new rejections above are directed to amended Claims 1-81.
- 6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Marc A Patterson whose telephone number is 571-272-1497. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon Fri 8:30 AM 5:00 PM.

Application/Control Number: 10/689,478 Page 7

Art Unit: 1794

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rena Dye can be reached on 571-272-1498. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Marc A Patterson/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1794